Mechanical Structure for FST

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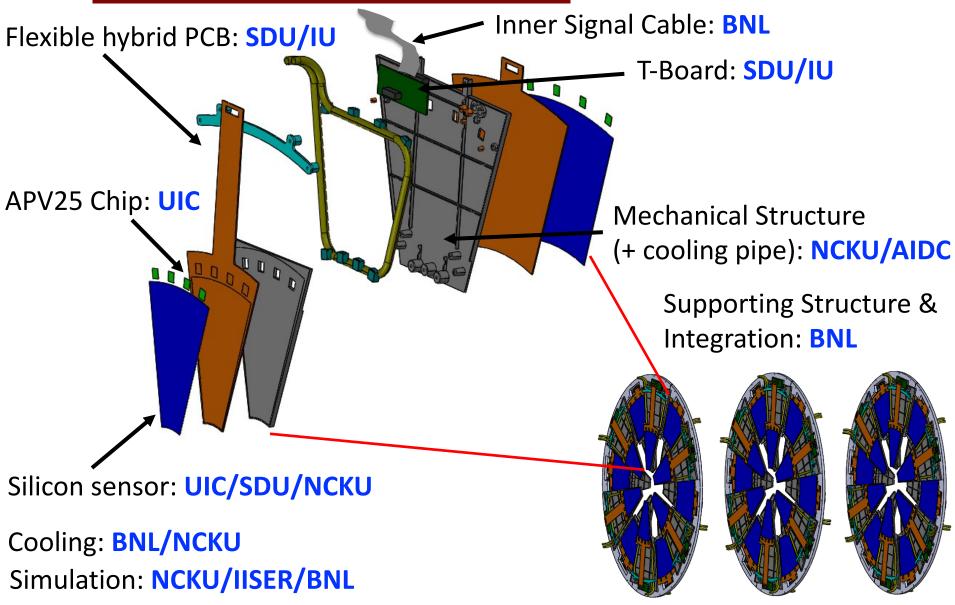






The Forward Silicon Tracker

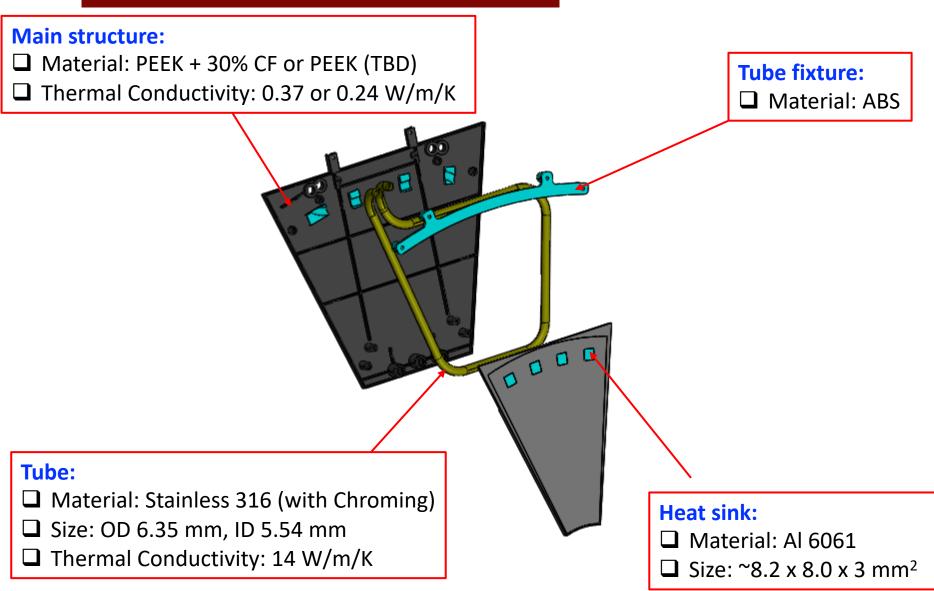






The Final Design





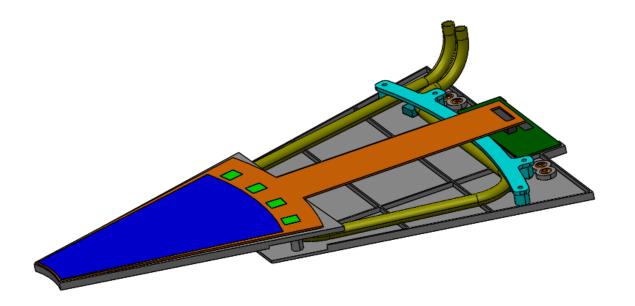


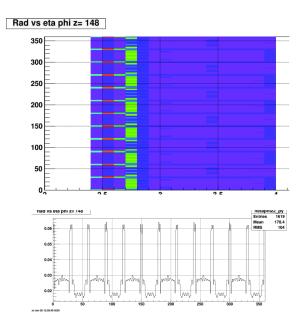
The Final Design - Radiation Length



	Main Structure	Heat Sink	Tube
Material	PEEK	Aluminum	Stainless steel
Thickness (mm)	2.27	2.18	1.63
Material budget (X ₀)	0.9% X ₀	2.5% X ₀	9.3% X ₀

- □ http://personalpages.to.infn.it/~tosello/EngMeet/ITSmat/SDD/PPS.html
- http://pdg.lbl.gov/2009/AtomicNuclearProperties/HTML_PAGES/013.html
- www-physics.lbl.gov/~gilg/.../Material/Radiation%20Lengths%20Last.doc





Consistent with GEANT4 (from Flemming, Jan. 27)

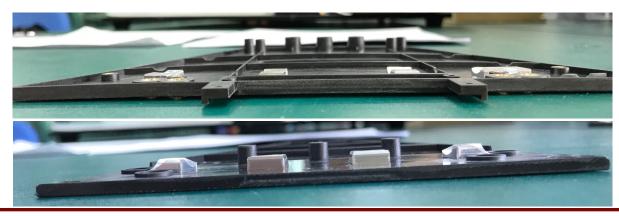
- Main feature is the cooling tubes
- \Box Overall 3% for η < 3
- ☐ Otherwise < 1.2%



Main Structure



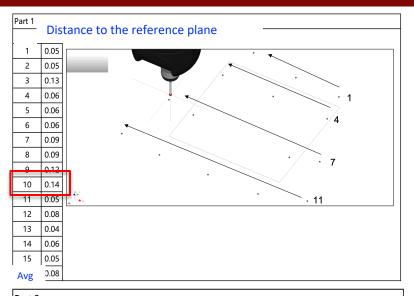
- ☐ Important timeline:
 - 2019-Nov: produced 1st (PEEK+30% CF) and 2nd (PEEK+30% GF) prototype
 - → Obvious flatness issue
 - 2019-Dec: modified the design due to the change of the positions of APV chips and produce 3rd prototype
 - → Flatness issue not solved
 - 2019-Jan: increased the thickness from 1.5 mm to 2.0 mm
 - → Flatness issue not solved
 - 2019-Feb: use pure PEEK
 - → Flatness improved

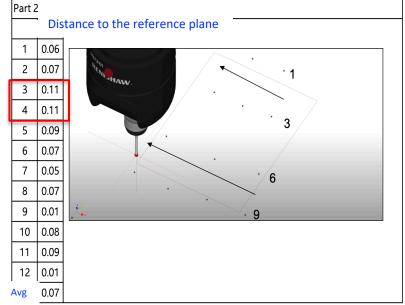




Flatness for the Latest Version











Unit: mm



Cooling Tube

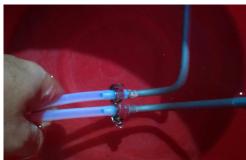


MST

- Manufacture procedure (done by AIDC)
 - 1) Passivation treatment on the raw 316 stainless steel tube
 - 2) Use Tube Bending Die (TBD) to bend the tube
 - Use 3D printed Miscellaneous Service Tool (MST) to check the dimensions.
 - 4) Braze the connectors to the tube
 - 5) Leakage test
 - 6) Clean the cooling tube
 - 7) Plating with Cadmium (Chroming) to prevent electrical corrosion







TBD



Assembly



- □ Preliminary procedure (detailed procedure will be updated in the documentation)
 - 1) Mount hybrid PCB to the structure
 - 2) Glue the inner and outer structures together





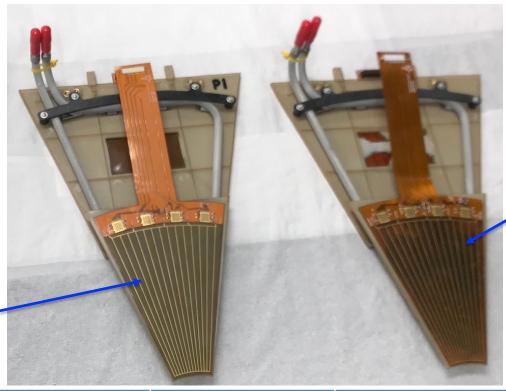




First Batch of Prototypes



- Two prototypes assembled by AIDC on (Jan. 30 and Feb. 11)
- ☐ Flatness measured by the silicon lab (for CMS, sPHENIX) at NTU



Thinner hybrid (older vender)

Thicker hybrid (new vender)

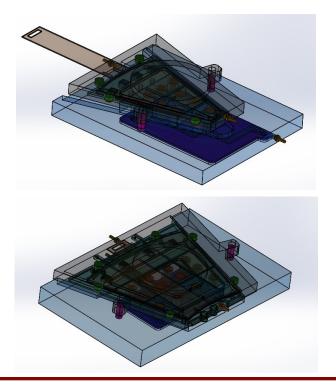
Flatness (RMS)	Thicker hybrid	Thinner hybrid
Inner	0.2942 (mm)	0.2663 (mm)
Outer	0.4654 (mm)	0.2585 (mm)

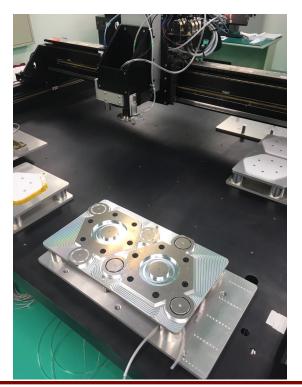


New Assembly Proposal



- Use the robot machine at the silicon lab of NTU to mount hybrid PCB to mechanical structure
 - → More precise positioning
 - → Need to design the fixtures, modify the LabView code, and optimize the gluing procedure







Storage Box

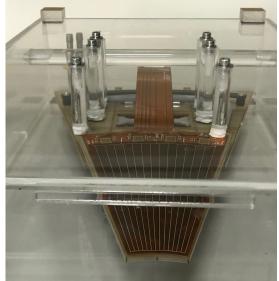


- □ NCKU designed and manufactured the first two storage boxes
- More details: https://drupal.star.bnl.gov/STAR/event/2020/02/17/fst- group-meeting









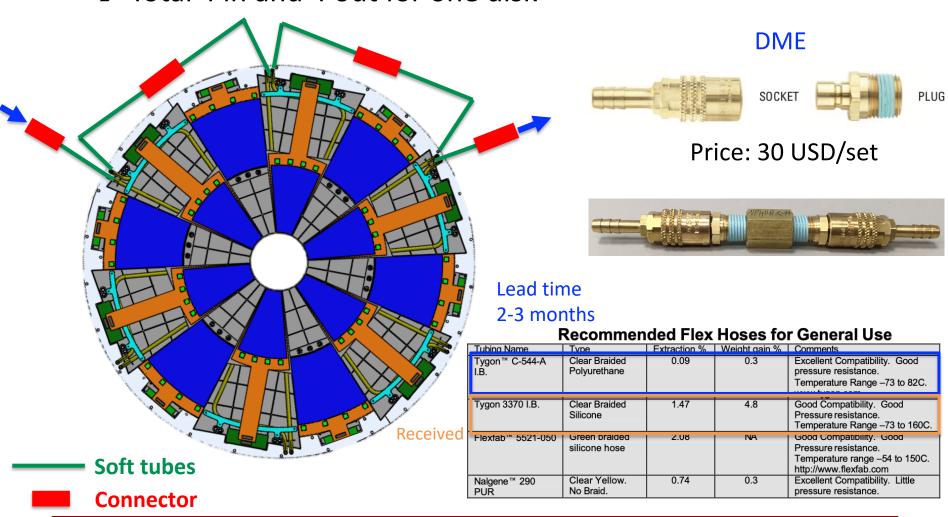
Material: Acryl



Soft Tube and Connector



- ☐ Preliminary plan: connect 3 wedges to be 1 set
 - Total 4 in and 4 out for one disk





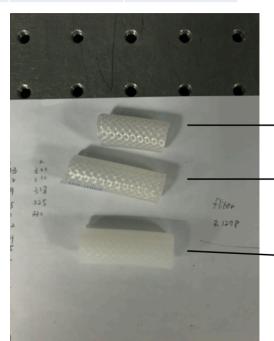
Test of Soft Tube

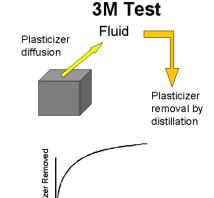


☐ Using the Soxhlet extraction method (suggested by 3M)

	Before Test	After 2 hrs	After 8 hrs	After 24 hrs	After 48 hrs
Sample 1	5.66 g	5.56 g (-1.77 %)	in progress	waiting	waiting
Sample 2	4.93 g	4.84 g (-1.83%)	in progress	waiting	waiting







Sample may lose 10g of plasticizer.

May be more accurate for real applications which may have large fluid volumes or sinks for plasticizer

Before testing

After testing (dry, 5hrs)

Right after testing

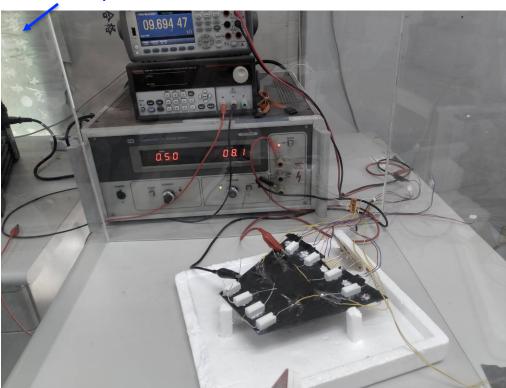


Verification of Thermal Analysis



- ☐ Setup a simplified experiment using ceramic resistors as heat source and calibrated thermistors to measure temperature
- ☐ Done by the students from the mechanical engineering department of NCKU

Acrylic Box



Ceramic resistor (0.5 W)

Thermistor

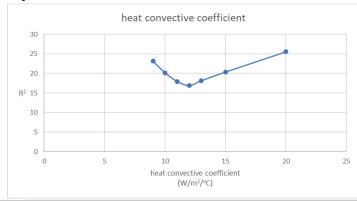


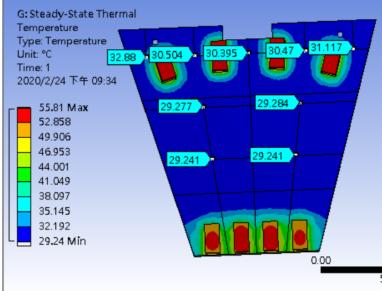
Verification of Thermal Analysis



- ☐ Optimize the natural convection coefficient (NCC) in the simulation to match the measured temperature
 - \rightarrow NCC = 12 W/m²/K
 - Good agreement between measurement and simulation

Position	Measured T	Simulated T	Diff. in %
Н	30.65	32.63	6.5%
I	31.96	30.49	4.6%
J	31.51	30.40	3.5%
K	32.73	30.47	6.9%
L	30.86	31.13	0.9%
M	30.91	29.28	5.3%
N	28.99	29.24	0.9%
0	30.58	29.28	4.2%



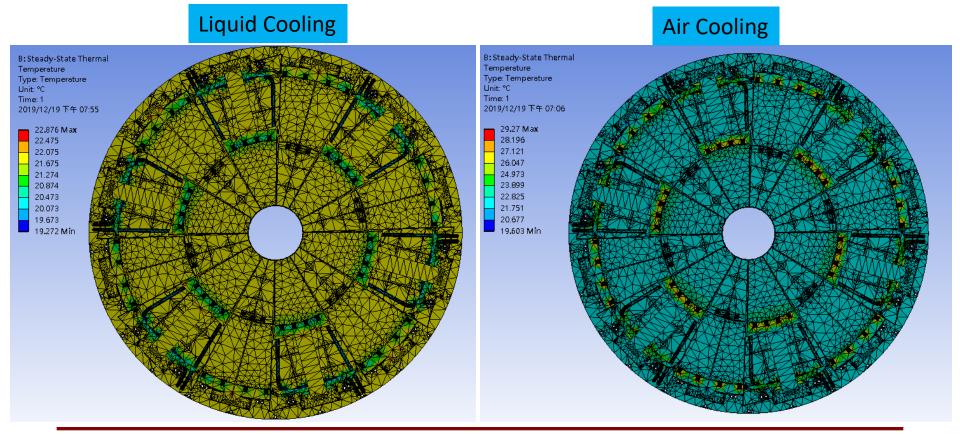




Updated Thermal Simulation



- ☐ Use NCC = 13 W/m²/K to simulate liquid and air cooling scenarios (coolant's temperature = 22 °C)
 - Liquid cooling: maximum $\Delta T = 0.9$ °C
 - Air cooling: maximum $\Delta T = 9.3$ °C





Schedule for Second Batch of Prototypes



- □ Feb. 24 Mar. 06: Finish the design of the fixtures for new assembly procedure and try different production parameters on the mechanical structure
- Mar. 09 Mar. 18: Manufacture the fixtures and test the gluing procedure at NTU
- ☐ Mar. 19 Mar. 25: Optimize the production procedure
- ☐ Mar. 25 Mar. 30: Start the second batch of the prototypes
- ☐ Mar. 31: Ship to UIC



Backup





The Final Design-Single Wedge



